

Utrecht, July, 2017

Investment decision-support tool for high enthalpy geothermal projects *(GEOCAP WP2.01)*

Integrating physics, technical installations, operations, planning, economics & uncertainty

Tool developers - Christian Bos, Logan Brunner (TNO)

Background of XL tool

- Currently, no easy / comprehensive / integrated tool available in Indonesia.
- Developed by TNO as part of GEOCAP work package 2.01 (R&D on DA), based on ideas ITB (Ali Ashat) and TNO (Christian Bos)
 - Prototype tool coded in XL with limited functionality, could be start for more comprehensive tool. To be distributed in WP1.07 course to participants.
- Free for all, including source code. However:
 - Tool still being tested, you can take part in the testing and send your comments to christian.bos@tno.nl. Tool not yet fully validated.
 - If there's interest in further developing the tool, contact ITB or TNO.
 - If Indonesian parties want to use it, it would be much better to coordinate / centralize the testing, maintenance and further development of the tool. Better to prevent all kinds of versions to co-exist! Better to avoid confusion.
- Use tool at own risk, no liability accepted. Feedback appreciated.

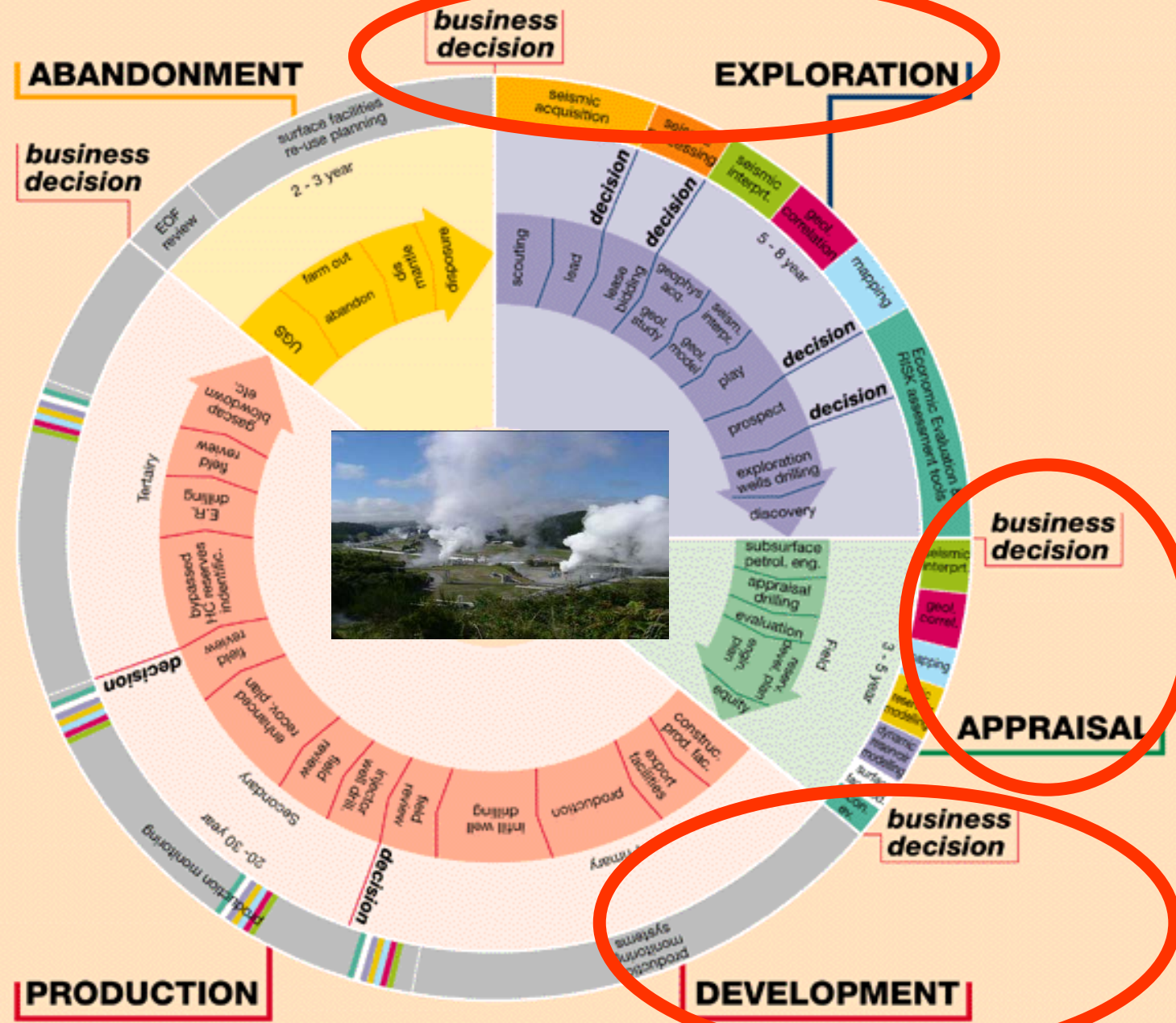
Main purposes of tool

- Investment decision support (technical/economic feasibility) to geothermal operators who wish to evaluate high enthalpy geothermal assets in their early planning phase (preliminary survey – exploration – appraisal – initial development phases, i.e. when uncertainties on volume, productivity, planning, costs and revenue are relatively large):
 - Following an *initial qualitative / semi-quantitative screening* of geothermal prospects by the geothermal developer / company, this tool allows to conduct a preliminary fully quantitative analysis of the asset's full life-cycle techno-economical performance under uncertainty and under a number of possible development scenarios.
- Discussion platform for Government & Geothermal operator
 - Understanding and appreciating investment risk vs. expected reward, problem solving
- Education
 - Helping students to understand the (relationships between) physics, technical installations, economics, planning & uncertainty related to immature (not yet developed, or under-developed) geothermal assets.

Geothermal Asset Lifecycle

- 5 main phases
 - + 6th: Monitoring
- Many major decisions:
 - Inter-phase
 - And minor decisions:
 - Intra-phase

GT Asset is depletable in economic terms, i.e. non-renewable. ABD-decision based on 1) $FTHT < T_{min}$ and/or 2) $Opex > declining\ revenues$, i.e. $NCF < 0$ over $> n$ consecutive yrs.

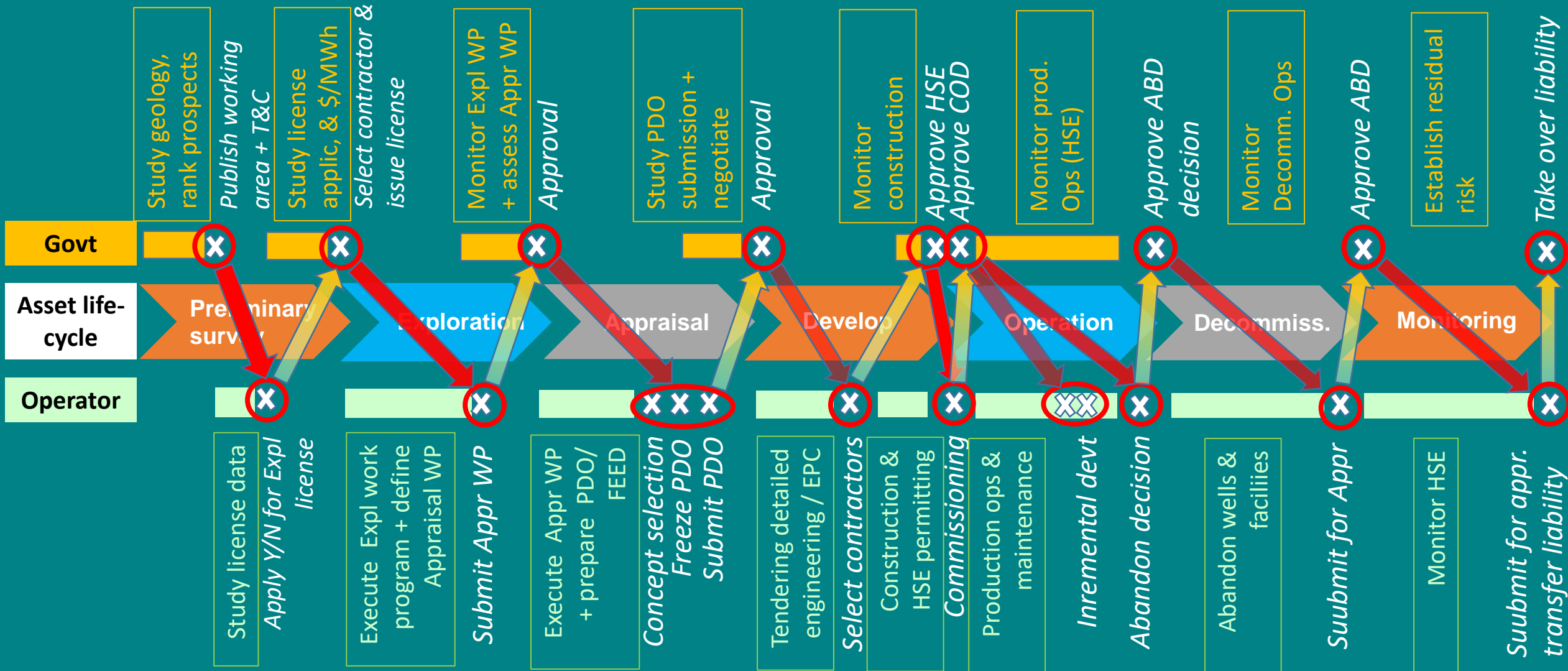


Geothermal asset life-cycle phases

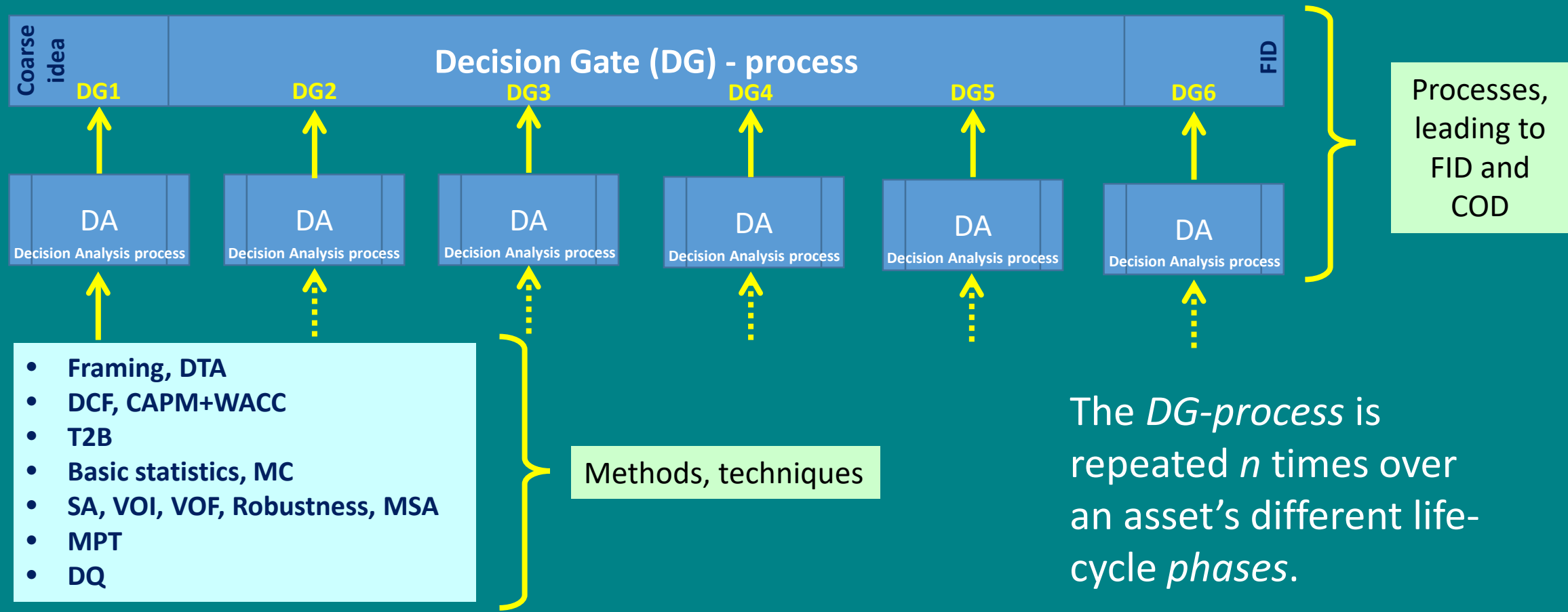
- 'Preliminary survey' (pre-phase): *Govt site selection + inviting exploration bids*, leading to
- Operator DG '**Exploration license application**', followed by *Operator/Govt negotiations* + if successful:
 - Govt DG '**Exploration license granting**'
1. Exploration, if promising leading to
 - Operator DG '**Appraisal work programme**' (or directly to DG '*Conceptual engineering*').
 2. Appraisal, leading to
 - Operator DG '**Conceptual engineering**' (or FEED: Front-End Engineering & Design),
 - Operator DG '**Concept selection**' and
 - Operator DG '**Production license application**' + Govt DG '**PDO sanction**'
 - Leading to Operator DG '**FID**' (**Final Investment Decision**)
 3. Development
 - a) *EPC activity* (Detailed Engineering – Procurement – Contracting)
 - b) *Construction activity* (leading to DG '**Commissioning**' and '**COD**')
 4. Operation (production operations & maintenance / exploitation)
 - Direct or indirect utilization (condition of license)
 - Including Operator DG's for '**Incremental development(s)**'
 5. Decommissioning (joint Operator and Govt decision)
 - Dismantling surface installations + abandoning wells (+ prepare for mandatory monitoring)

- Tool targeted for early phase decision support.
- All phases simulated (until decommissioning)

Asset life-cycle Decisions: Govt. vs. Operator



Company decision-support processes & methods



Main assumptions of tool

- Technical / economic:
 - Physics / technical: homogeneous primary porosity reservoir, steady-state reservoir *liquid* flow (→no pressure depletion: injection = production; no reservoir steam directly entering the well), dynamic skin-build-up around all wells, simplified well VFP, temperature depletion due to cold water breakthrough, thermodynamics of turbine, lowest throughput constraint determines total-chain performance (reservoir → well → surface facilities → turbine → reinjection into well → into reservoir), high enthalpy / power generation only
 - Economics: DCF analysis, pre- and post-tax cash flows operator, Government Take
 - Planning: decision-gate process, asset maturation process, drilling/workover rig planning including well success rate and (re-)stimulation of wells, maintenance, turbine replacement, incremental field development and field abandonment / transfer of liability after mandatory monitoring period
- I / O:
 - All input variables can be assigned an uncertainty range (pdf)
 - Output can be displayed as histograms of Key Performance Indicators (including all statistics), or as probabilistic time-series (p_{90} - p_{50} - p_{10} etc.)
 - Output includes a series of diagnostic graphics and automatic reporting
- Software: XL and Crystal Ball (Oracle™).

Input

Geological and flow variables		Units
Total area of reservoir (km ²)	2.75E+01	km ²
Formation thickness (m)	1251.51607	
Reservoir rock porosity (%)	10%	
Rock density (kg/m ³)	3060.49239	
Rock specific heat (kJ/kg*°C)	0.80134812	
Permeability (mD)	23.7694459	mD
Reservoir temperature (°C)	296.318239	
Reservoir pressure (Pa)	2.66E+07	Pa
Flowing bottomhole pressure, production well (Pa)	1.92E+07	Pa
ΔP from bottomhole to tubing head, prod. well (Pa)	1.34E+07	Pa
ΔP from flashing chamber, if not vapor at tubing head (Pa)	1.00E+06	Pa
Pressure after turbine (Pa)	5.00E+05	Pa
Reinjection pressure (at injector wellhead) (Pa)	5.00E+07	Pa
Wellbore diameter (m)	0.4	m
Tubing inner diameter (m)	0.25	m
Tubing surface roughness (mm)	0.0457	
Initial and post-workover prod. well skin factor	3.57140785	
Initial and post-workover inj. well skin factor	1.24788092	
Yearly skin growth factor for prod. wells (positive number)	1.00	
Yearly skin growth factor for inj. wells (positive number)	2	
ΔT of produced fluids from reservoir to tubing head (°C)	14.3912753	
Minimum allowable temperature at tubing head (°C)	210	
Average ambient temp (°C)	10	

Production variables	
Select units for the loadtime per year:	Fraction
<i>Loadtime per year, as a fraction</i>	0.87
Select if appraisal and explor. wells are reused for inj.	Yes
Producer / Injector ratio	1.00
Completion interval of well ('h' in kh/μ-factor) (m)	547.8180467
Pump e-consumption (kW)	1000
Select conversion efficiency (MWth to MWe) source:	Sarmiento
<i>If van Wees, enter relative efficiency --></i>	0.6
<i>User-defined conversion efficiency --></i>	10%
<i>Conversion efficiency value used --></i>	14%
Breakthrough volume before temperature decline (m ³)	1.33E+08
Linear decline rate for temperature (°C/year)	2.0
Isentropic turbine efficiency	86%
Well success rate	
Select eqn. for well success learning curve	y=m*ln(x)+b
<i>Initial well success rate (b factor)</i>	54%
<i>Slope of well success rate curve (m factor)</i>	0.051142076
Select realization of the random number generator	Variable

Phasing variables	
First year of evaluation	2017
COD (First year of production)	2024.0
# yrs from end of prod to abd (monitoring)	10
Workover rig capacity - max # wells/yr	12
Workover duration (days)	30
Avg prod. well W/O frequency (every n yrs)	7
Avg inj. well W/O frequency (every n yrs)	6

Well-related costs	
Along hole depth of single well (m)	3000
True vertical depth of well (m)	1847.296571
Drill & compl. cost per explor. well (\$ MM)	9.81
Drill & compl. cost per appraisal well (\$ MM)	10.55
Drill & compl. cost per dev. well (\$ MM)	8.64
Drill & compl. cost per injection well (\$ MM)	5.21
Well stimulation cost (\$ MM)	1.75
Workover cost per well (\$ MM)	1.48
Well opex (\$ MM/well/yr)	0.29

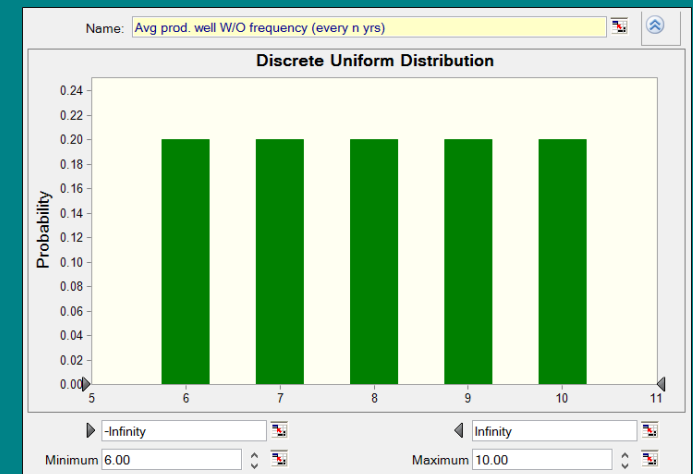
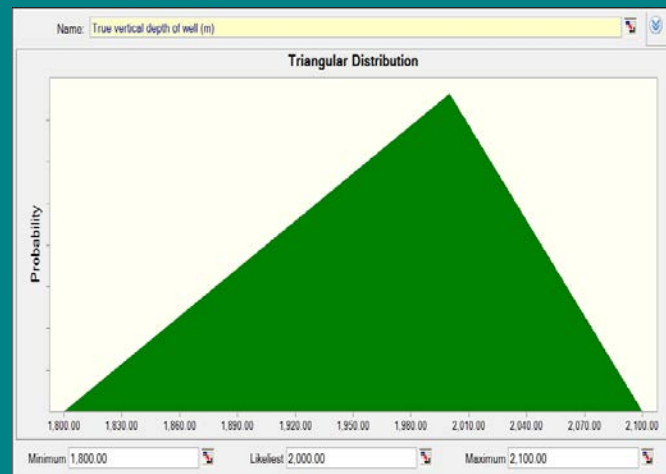
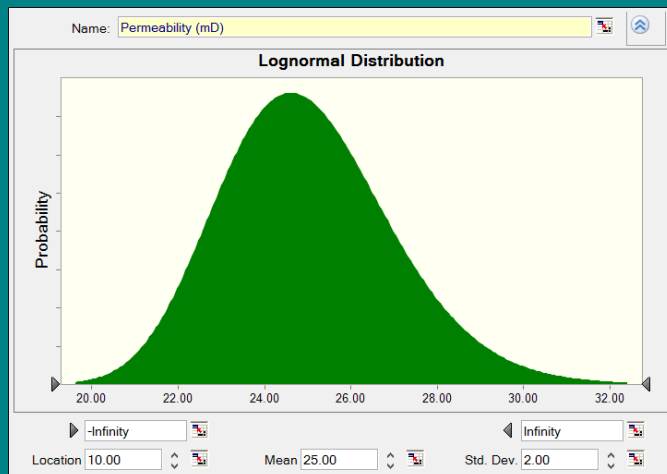
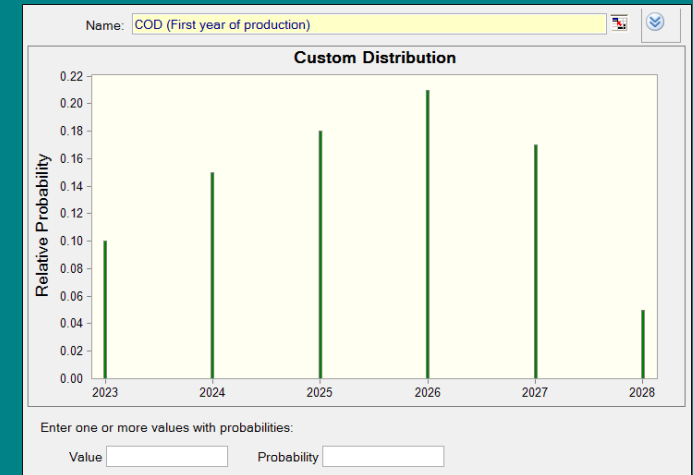
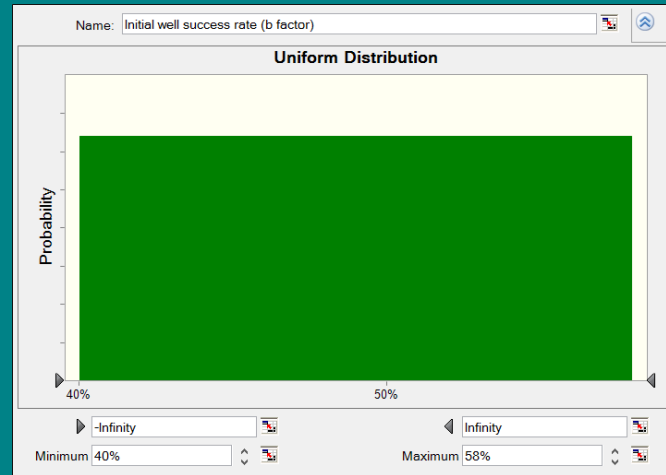
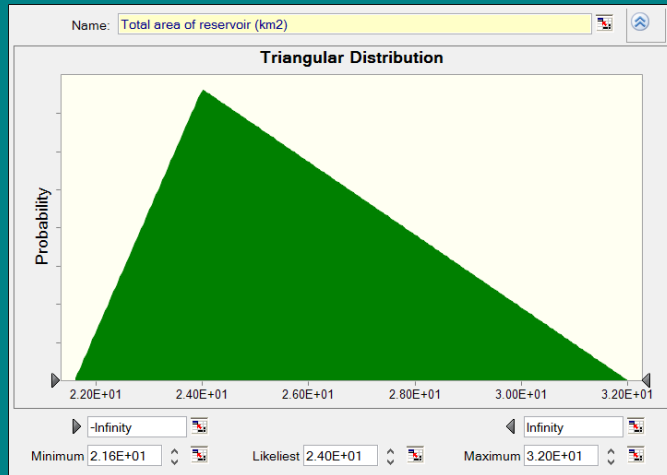
Economic variables	
Variable water opex (\$/m ³ water)	0.127068664
Royalty (% of electricity sales)	2.5%
<i>Is royalty tax deductible?</i>	No
Corporate tax (% taxable income)	25%
Select type of depreciation scheme:	DDB
<i>Years to depreciate</i>	10
<i>Salvage value of depreciated asset (%)</i>	10%
Capex multiplier	1.00
Fixed opex multiplier	1.00
Select O&M costs calculation method:	Fraction
<i>O&M yearly costs (fraction of capex)</i>	0.01
Discount rate (%)	13%
Discounting reference year	2017
Select who pays for connection to grid:	TSO
Targeted economic life (years)	50
Select electricity sales per MWh tariff:	Fixed
<i>Fixed e-sales/MWh tariff (\$/MWh)</i>	90.00

Economic variables (cont'd)	
# Max well-slots per cluster	5
<i>New well cluster capex if # well-slots exceeded (\$ MM)</i>	7
Field shut-in: max. allowable # years in row @ NCF<0	4
Select field abandonment cost calculation:	Percent
<i>Field abandonment cost (\$ MM)</i>	200
<i>Field abandonment cost (% cum capex)</i>	12%

Surface facility variables	
Max flow through surface facility (m ³ /s)	10
Select turbine O&M cost method:	Constant
<i>Cost of replacement turbine (\$ MM) --></i>	50
<i>Hrs until turbine needs replacement --></i>	100000

- Many comments to help user complete input sheet and interpret output

Input of uncertain variables (some pdf examples)



Geothermal field - geological, technical, planning and economic input variables

Time-series input:														
B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Cash-in items														
Define electricity sales per MWh tariff above	60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00
Other tariffs received (\$ MM)									40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Other cash-in (\$ MM)									50.00	40.00	20.00			
Cash-out items (\$ MM)														
CAPEX (read comment!)														
Scoping phase (\$ MM)														
<i>Consultancy costs</i>														
<i>Survey costs</i>	(30.00)	(10.00)	(5.00)											
<i>Transactions to government</i>	(0.50)	(1.00)												
<i>Other costs</i>														
Exploration phase (\$ MM)														
<i>Survey costs</i>				(30.00)										
<i>Nr. of exploration wells to attempt</i>				2										
<i>Exploration drilllex</i>				(19.6)										
<i>Transactions to government</i>														
<i>Other costs</i>														
Appraisal phase (\$ MM)														
<i>Survey costs</i>				(30.00)										
<i>Nr. of appraisal wells to attempt</i>				2										
<i>Appraisal drilllex</i>				(21.1)										
<i>Transactions to government</i>														
<i>Other costs</i>														
Initial development phase (\$ MM)														
<i>FEED (Front-End Engineering & Design)</i>					(20.00)									
<i>Detailed engineering</i>					(50.00)									
<i>Nr. of initial development wells to attempt</i>							1	2						
<i>Initial devt. drilllex</i>							(8.6)	(17.3)						
<i>Transactions to government</i>														
<i>EPC - initial surface facilities costs</i>					(100.00)	(75.00)	(50.00)	(20.00)	(10.00)					
<i>Grid connection capex</i>														
<i>Other costs</i>					(30.00)	(25.00)								
Incremental devt phase (\$ MM)														
<i>FEED (Front-End Engineering & Design)</i>														
<i>Detailed engineering</i>														
<i>Nr. of incremental development wells to attempt</i>									2	2	2	2		
<i>Incremental devt. drilllex</i>									(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)		
<i>Transactions to government</i>														
<i>Surface facilities</i>														
<i>EPC - incremental facility costs etc.</i>														
<i>Other costs</i>														
Total capex, excluding multiplier (\$ MM)	(30.5)	(11.0)	(5.0)	(79.6)	(221.1)	(100.0)	(58.6)	(37.3)	(27.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)	(17.3)		
OPEX (\$ MM)														
<i>Fixed opex (not related to prod. # wells)</i>	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)	(5.00)
<i>Fixed O&M costs</i>														

- Time-series input
- Per life-cycle phase

Output KPIs

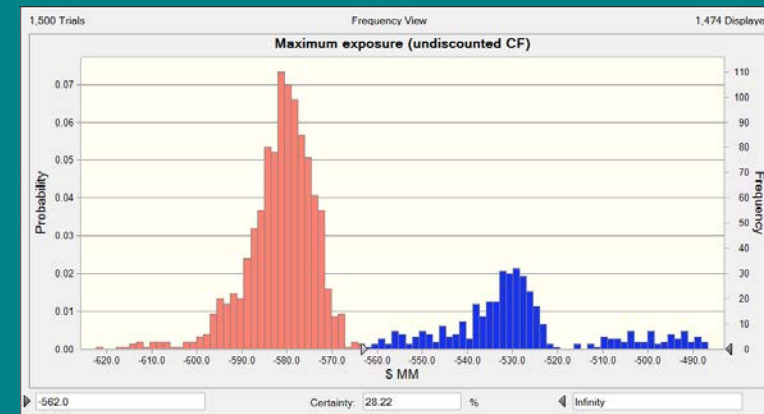
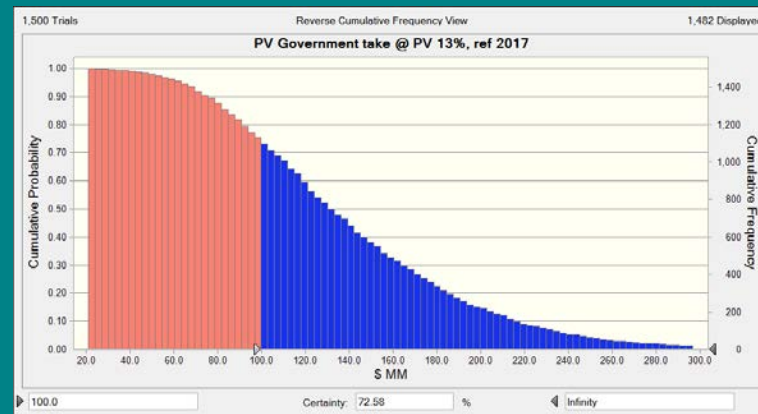
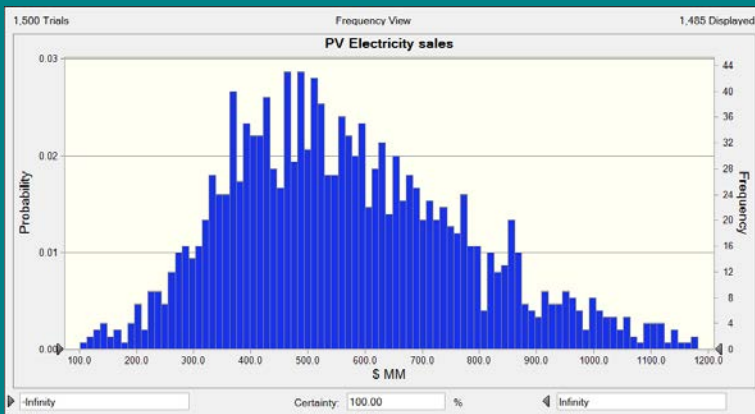
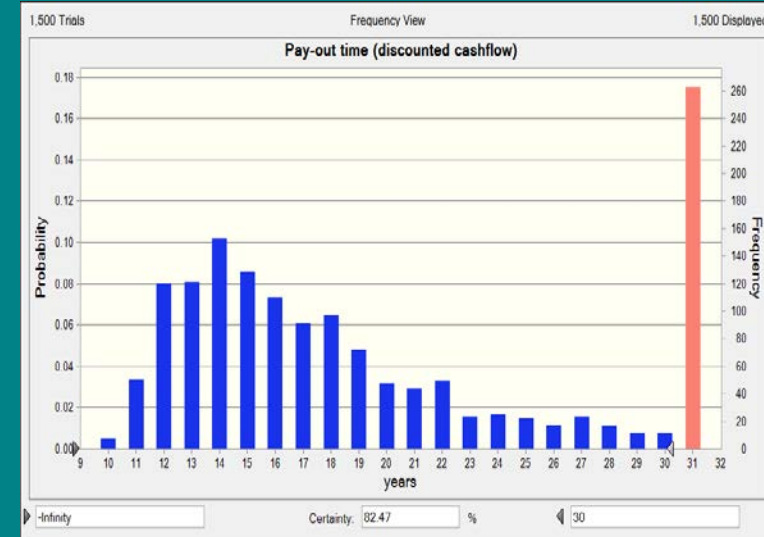
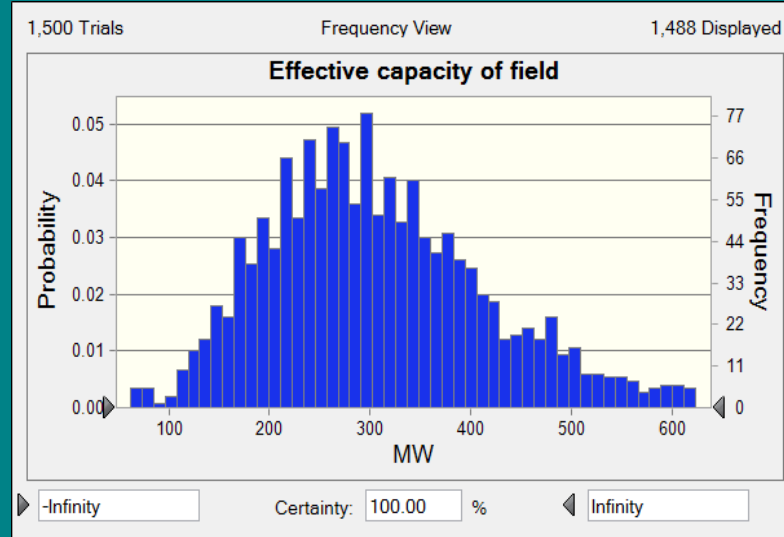
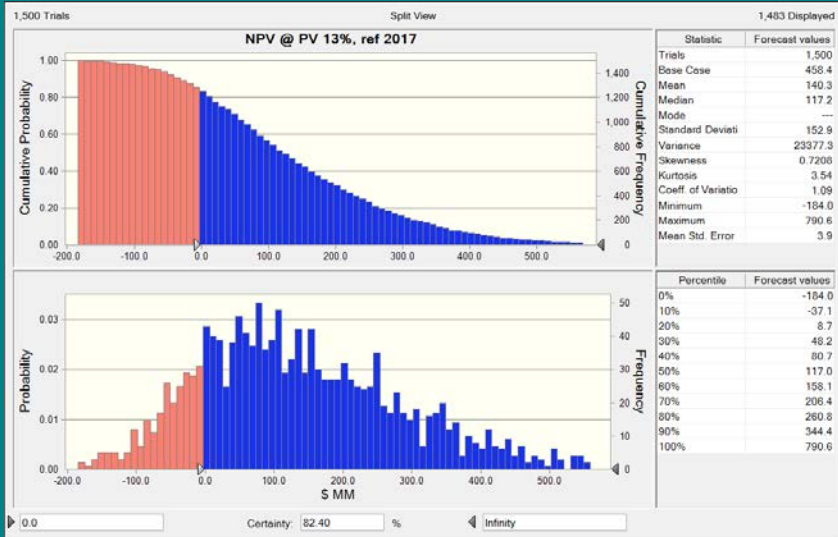
Project Key Performance Indicators Hotrock

Discount rate = 13%; Average flow = 1565.30 L/s; 5 wells/platform; Prod : Inj ratio = 1.00

Royalty = 2.5% & not tax-deductible; Tax = 25%; Depreciation period = 10 yrs

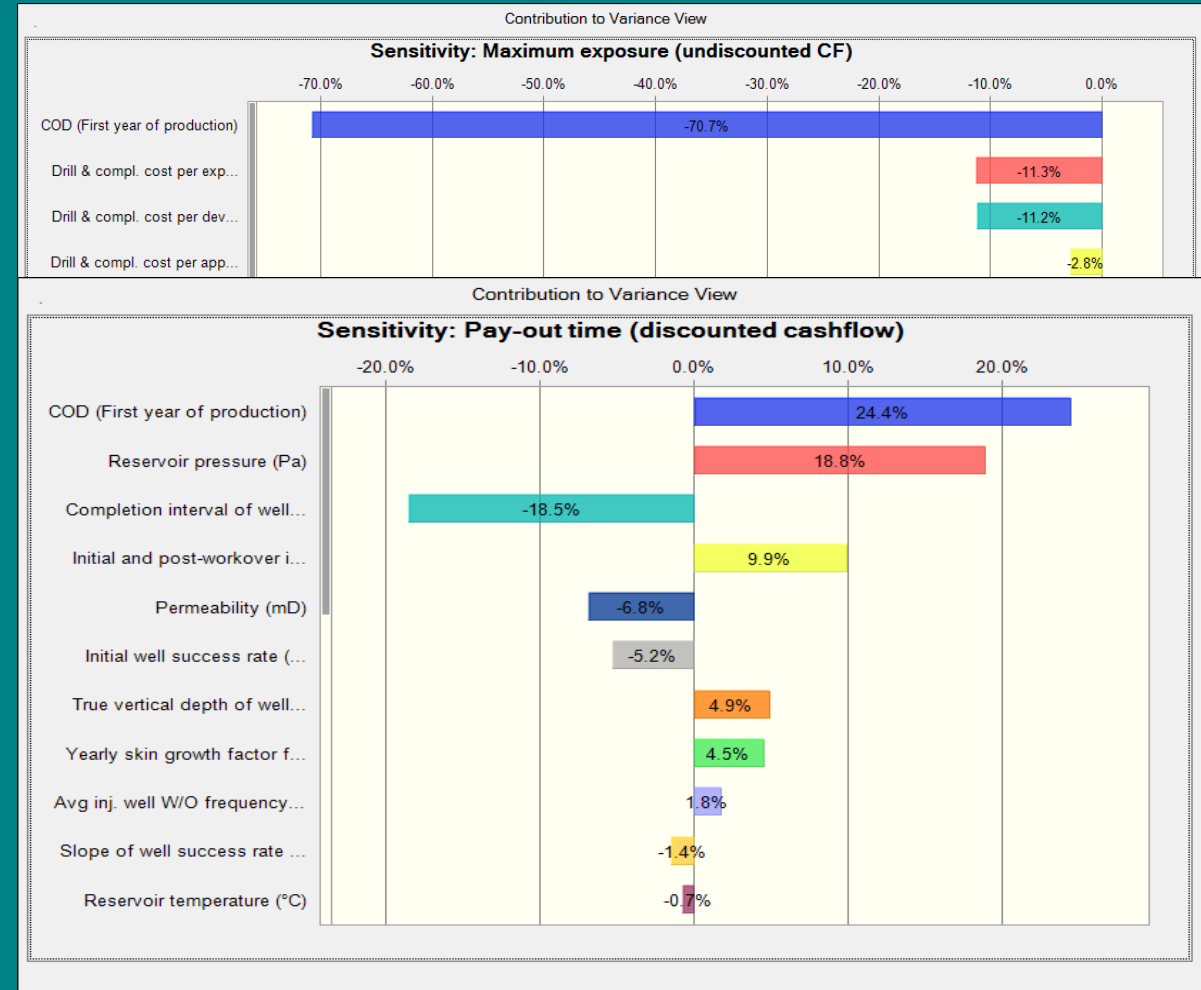
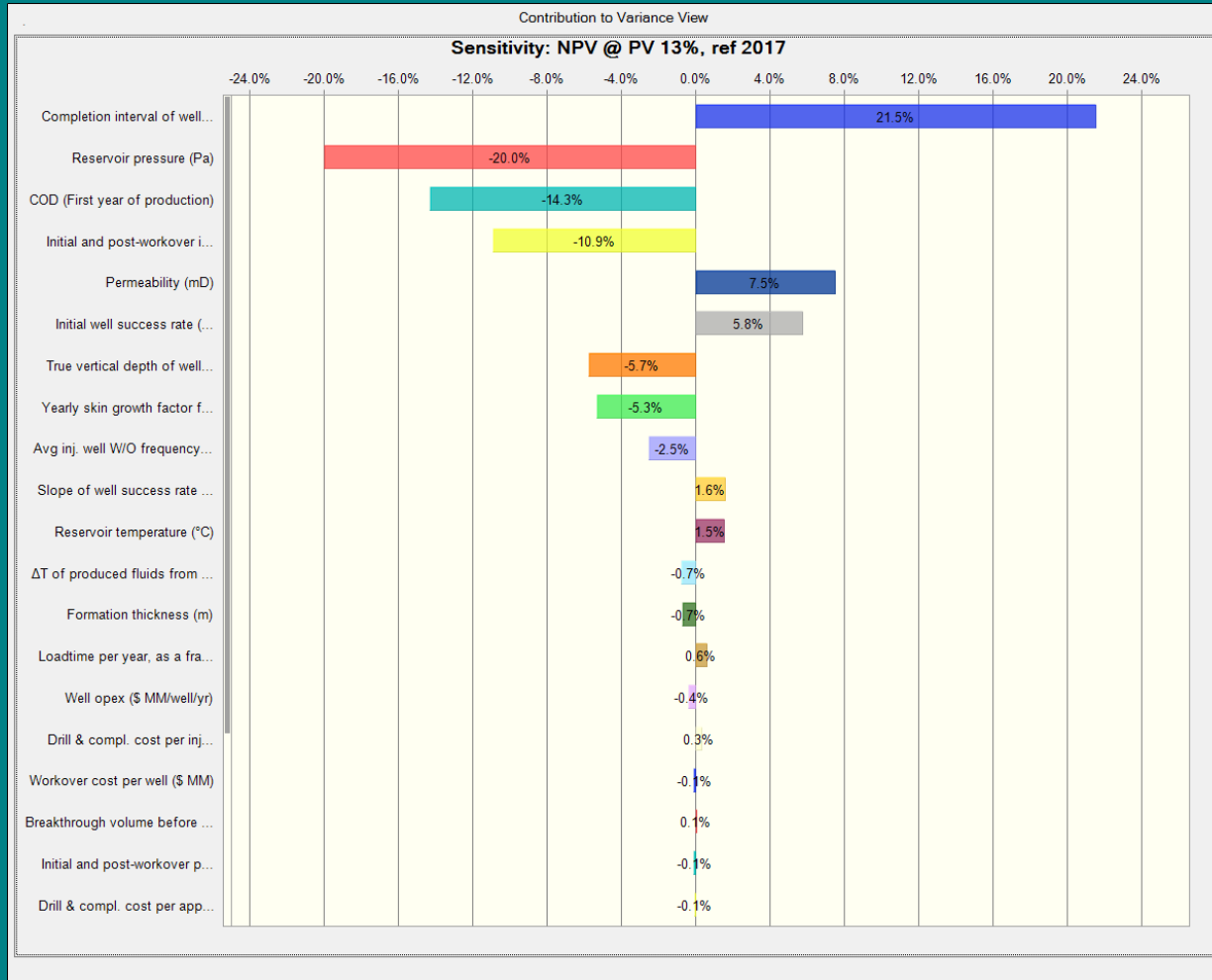
KPI	Value	Unit	Comment
Cumulative electricity produced over evaluation period	64.6	TWh	
PV Electricity sales @ PV 13%, ref 2017	797.9	\$ MM	
PV Government take @ PV 13%, ref 2017	193.1	\$ MM	Note: no Loss Carry Back implemented / Govt may use different discount rate
NPV @ PV 13%, ref 2017	303.8	\$ MM	
IRR	20.9%		
Maximum exposure (undiscounted CF)	-536.2	\$ MM	Max. undiscounted exposure in year 2024
Maximum exposure (discounted CF)	-335.3	\$ MM	Max. discounted exposure in year 2024
PIR undiscounted	5.43	ratio	
PIR discounted	0.82	ratio	
PV Capex / MW	0.72	\$ MM/MW	For power plants, a rule of thumb is \$2 million/MW installed capacity
Unit Technical Cost (undiscounted cost/MWhe)	19.20	\$/MWhe	
Unit Technical Cost (PV cost/MWhe)	7.18	\$/MWhe	[PV(capex+opex) / cumulative MWh produced over life-time]
Unit Technical Cost (PV cost/PV MWhe)	51.50	\$/MWhe	[PV(capex+opex) / PV(MWh produced over life-time)]
Levelized Cost of Electricity (PV break even price)	55.05	\$/MWhe	Use Data-What If Analysis-Goal Seek" (set NPV=0); see comment cell A16
Pay-out time (undiscounted cashflow)	10	years	
Pay-out time (discounted cashflow)	13	years	
Nr of add'l well clusters constructed	2	well clusters	1st add'l well cluster operational in year 2026
Nr of production + injection wells drilled	15	wells	@ avg. gross liquid rate per prod well = 1565.3 L/s
W/O rig availability: max. # wells / yr exceeded?	No	year	
Productive life of asset	23	years	Still producing at end of evaluation period
Effective capacity of field	403	MW	
Upside potential	0	MW	Effective MW of field > max theor. power capacity ref. Sarmiento

Output KPI histograms (+ many more)

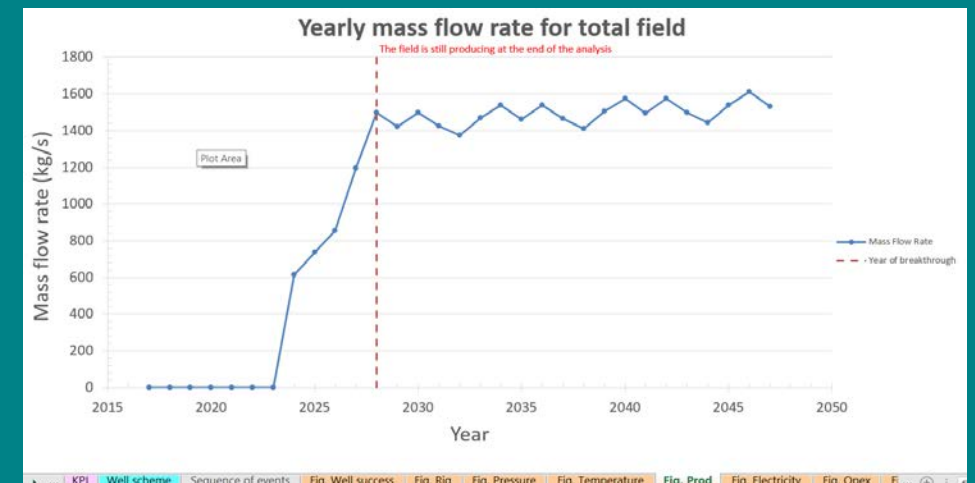
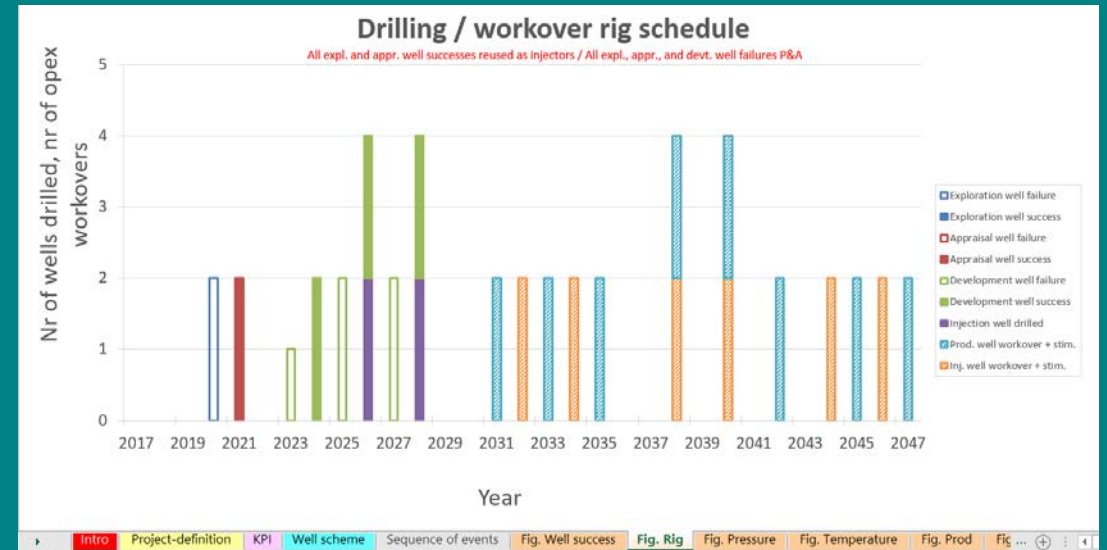
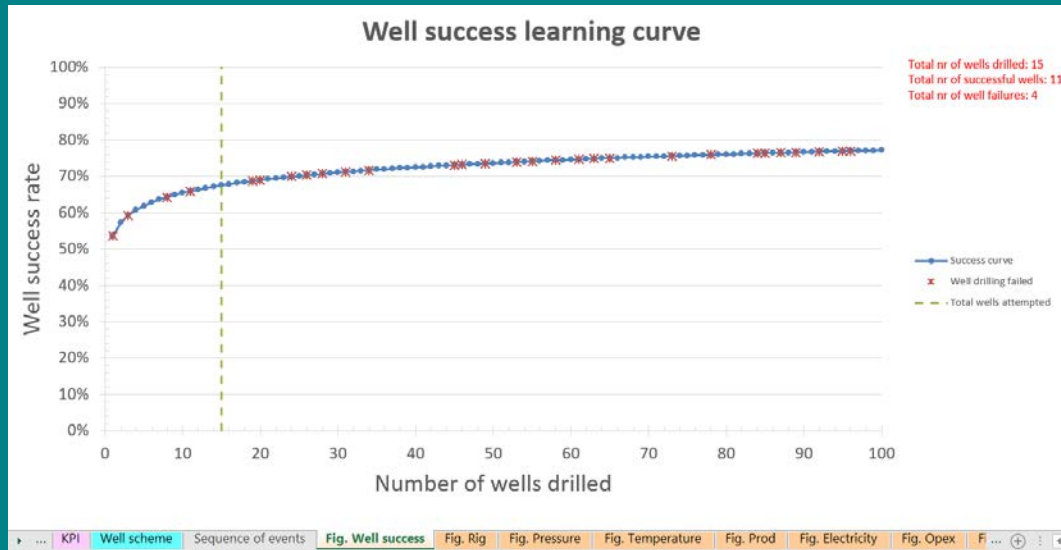


Output KPI multivariate sensitivity analysis

(+ many more)



Output diagnostic plots – 1 (per realization)



Short demonstration of tool

- Test case: dummy values filled in for input parameters
- No real Indonesian case yet
- Run through main worksheets
- Run tool using Crystal Ball
- Do multi-variate sensitivity analysis
- [Go to demo](#)
- Further detail on input/output in next slides

Main features of XL tool

- Life-cycle technical-economic tool, covering exploration-appraisal-development-production-incremental development-decommissioning phases of asset.
- Yearly time-steps
- Heat-In-Place volumetric analysis
- Drilling success rate and learning per phase (WB correlations)
- Darcy steady-state *liquid* flow equation for production + injection in multi-wells
- Vertical Flow Performance in wells (better VFP under development)
- Conversion efficiency modelling of heat to electricity in surface facilities
- Heat depletion / cold-water breakthrough in production wells
- Cash flow projections and decision metrics (KPIs)
- Graphical displays
- When Crystal Ball installed, full probabilistic and sensitivity analysis

Further features of XL tool

- Introductory worksheet to explain main modelling principles.
- Many operational features, such as drilling sequence, workover frequency due to skin build-up, effect of stimulation job, downtime penalty of non-producing wells, dynamic injection well constraint (e.g. due to skin / scale build-up), etc.
- Many comments to explain variables, suggest ideas on how to use model, references with Indonesian information etc.
- KPI worksheet giving a wide range of decision metrics. When used with Crystal Ball, KPI-histograms can be computed, allowing a wide range of further analyses. Also, probabilistic time-series can be computed.

Input of stochastic correlations (one example)

Define Correlations - List View

Edit View Help

Show correlations for assumption: **Drill & compl. cost per explor. well (\$** in matrix 'Matrix 1'

Correlated Assumption	Coefficient
Drill & compl. cost per apprais...	0.9
Drill & compl. cost per dev. we...	0.9
Drill & compl. cost per injectio...	0.9

Choose the assumptions to correlate:

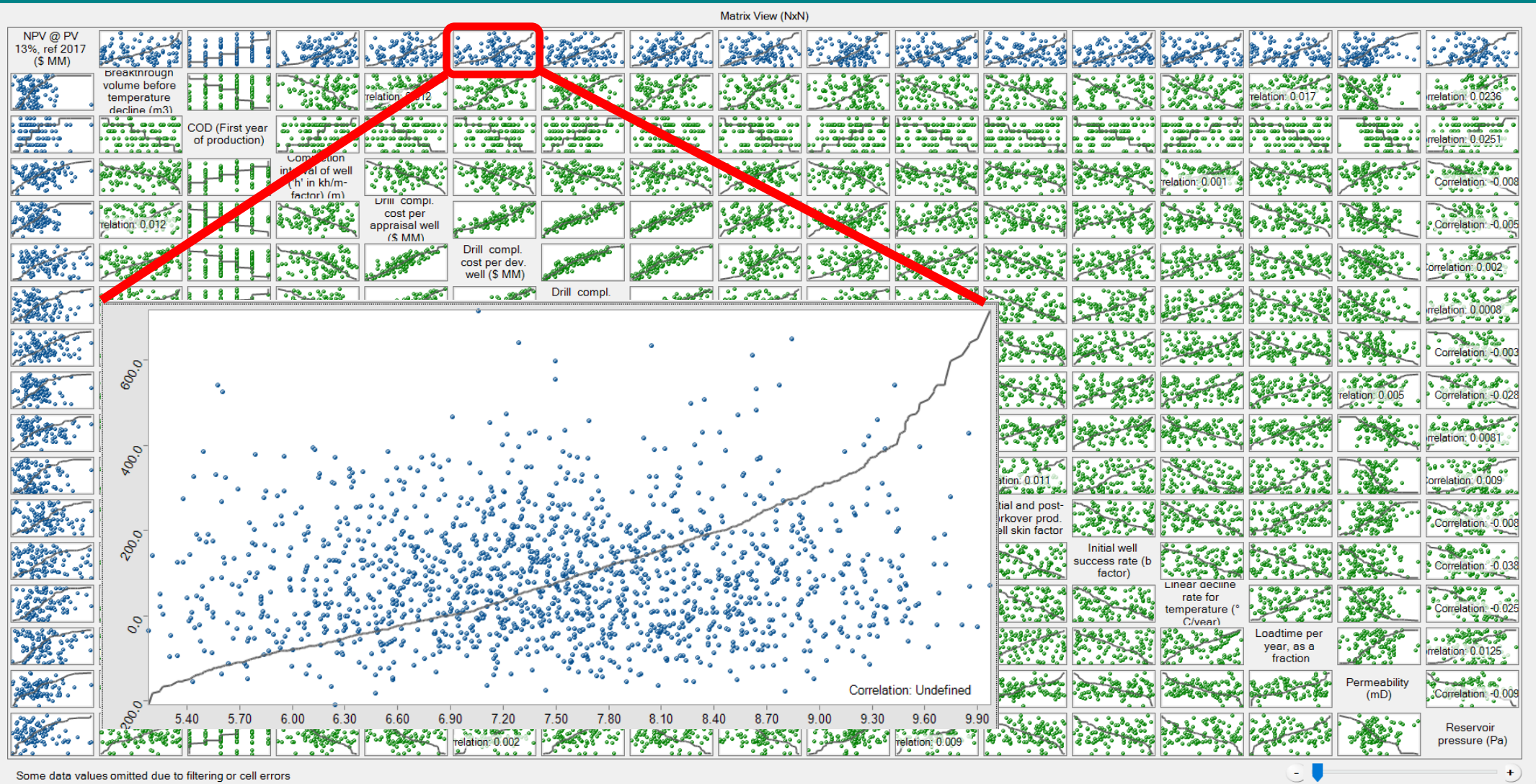
- GeoCap_Excel_Model_v1.43d.xlsx
- Project-definition
 - Avg inj. well W/O frequency (every n yrs)
 - Avg prod. well W/O frequency (every n yrs)
 - Breakthrough volume before temperature decline (m3)
 - COD (First year of production)
 - Completion interval of well ('h' in kh/m-factor) (m)
 - Drill & compl. cost per appraisal well (\$ MM)
 - Drill & compl. cost per dev. well (\$ MM)
 - Drill & compl. cost per injection well (\$ MM)
 - Flowing bottomhole pressure, production well (Pa)
 - Formation thickness (m)
 - Initial and post-workover inj. well skin factor
 - Initial and post-workover prod. well skin factor
 - Initial well success rate (b factor)
 - Linear decline rate for temperature (°C/year)
 - Loadtime per year, as a fraction
 - Permeability (mD)
 - Reservoir pressure (Pa)
 - Reservoir rock porosity (%)
 - Reservoir temperature (°C)
 - Rock density (kg/m3)
 - Rock specific heat (kJ/kg°C)
 - Slope of well success rate curve (m factor)
 - Total area of reservoir (km2)
 - True vertical depth of well (m)
 - Variable water opex (\$/m3 water)
 - Well opex (\$ MM/well/yr)
 - Well stimulation cost (\$ MM)
 - Workover cost per well (\$ MM)
 - Yearly skin growth factor for inj. wells (positive number)
 - Yearly skin growth factor for prod. wells (positive number)
 - ΔP from bottomhole to tubing head, prod. well (Pa)
 - ΔT of produced fluids from reservoir to tubing head (°C)

Correlation Chart (Example)

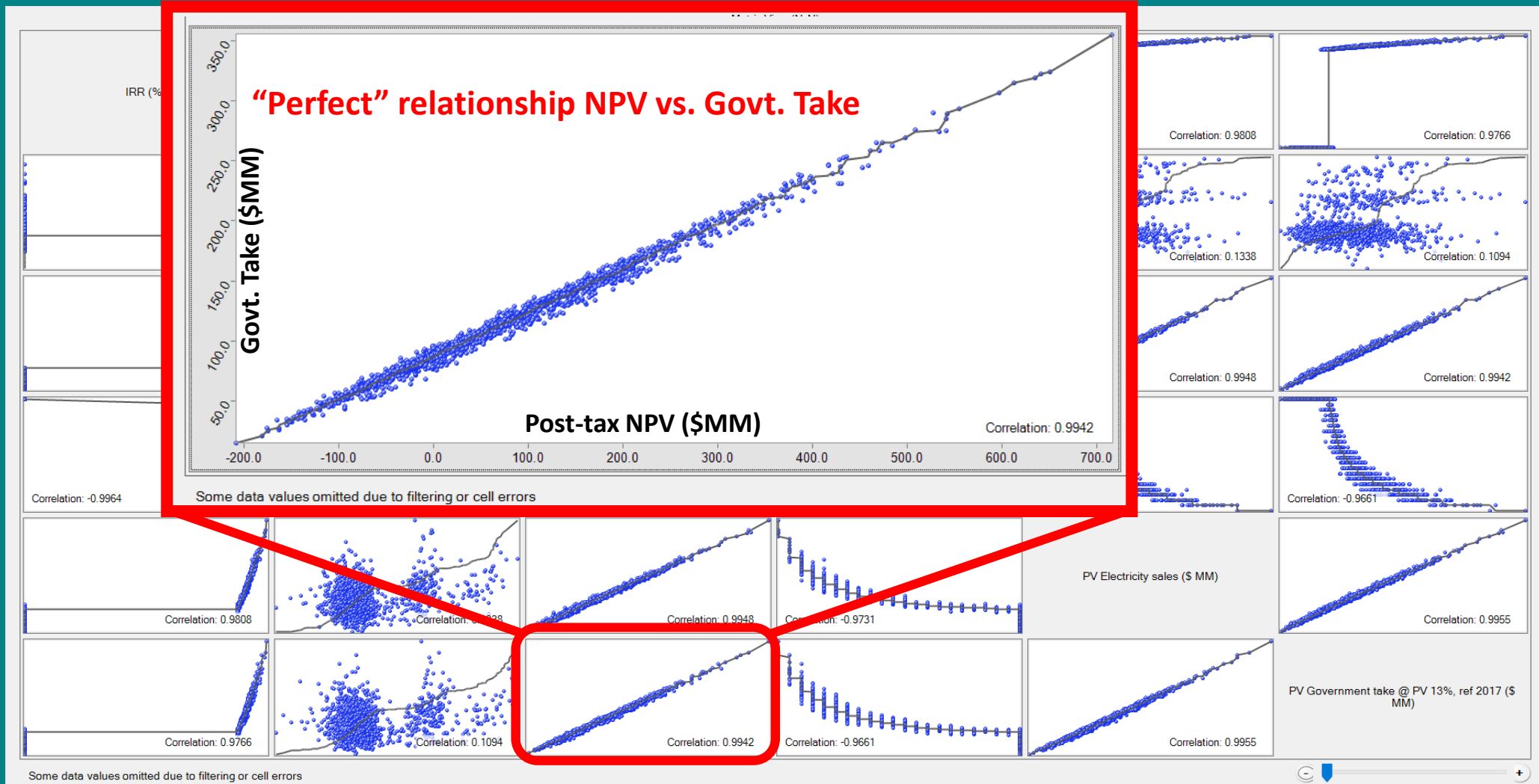
Coefficient:

Buttons: Add Assumptions... Remove Calculate ... OK Cancel Help

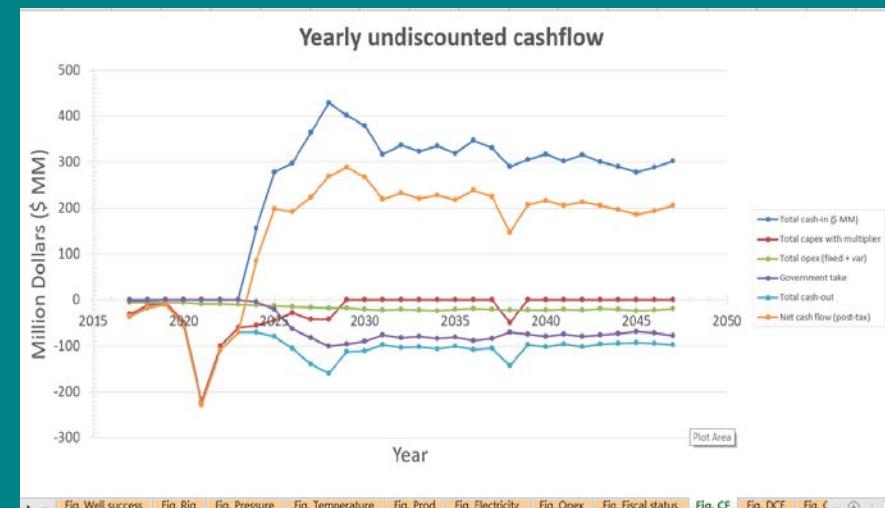
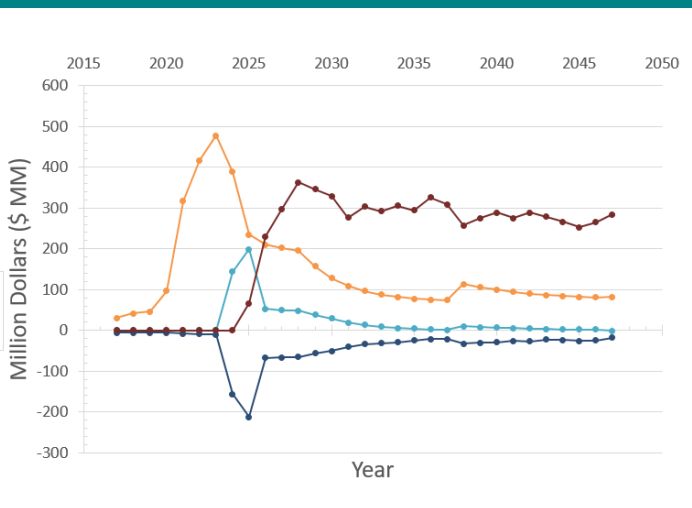
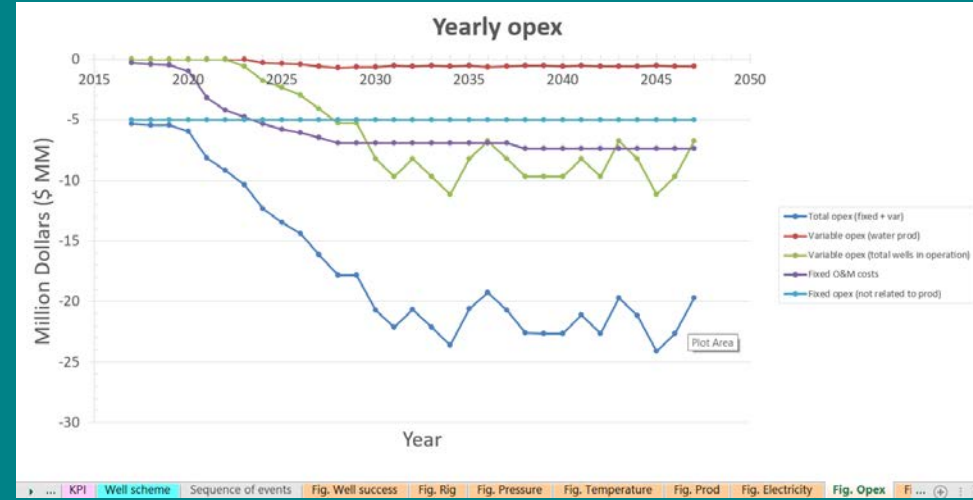
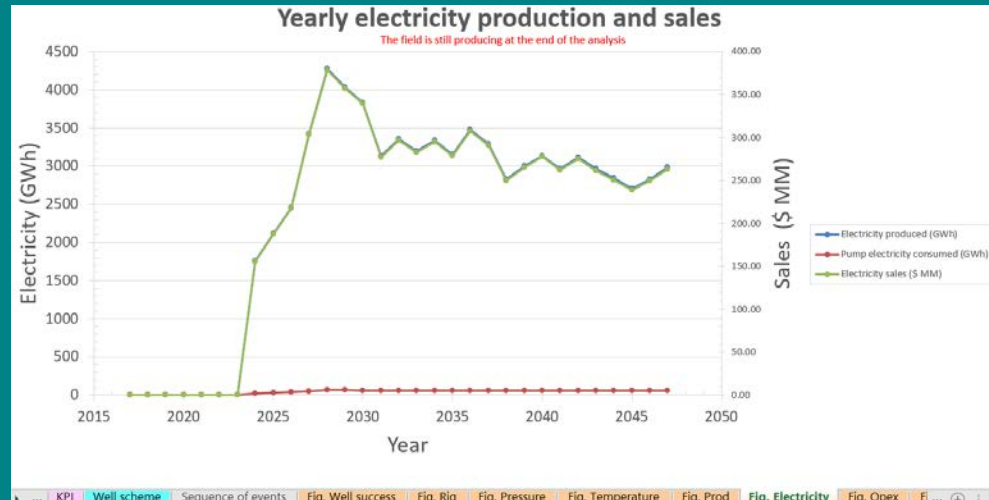
Output KPI multivariate I/O correlations



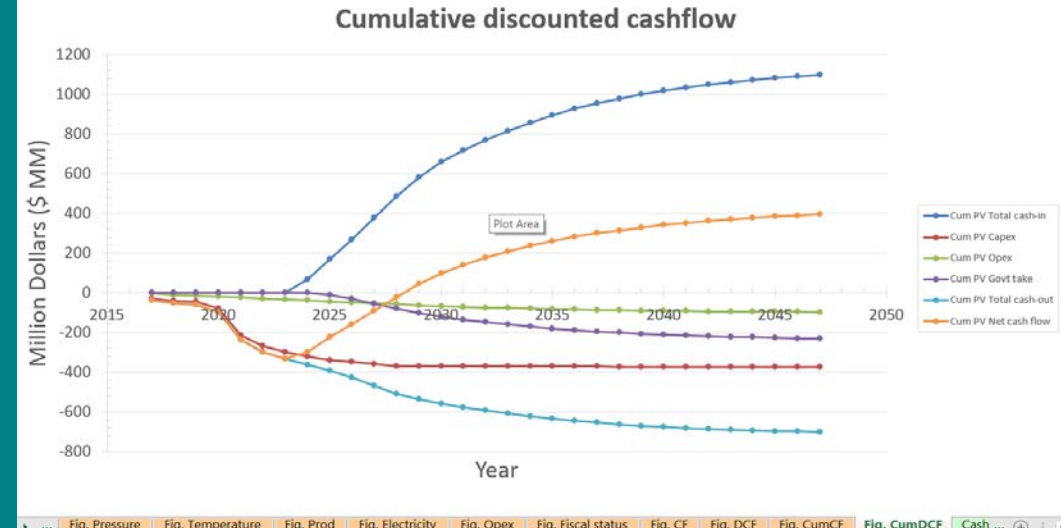
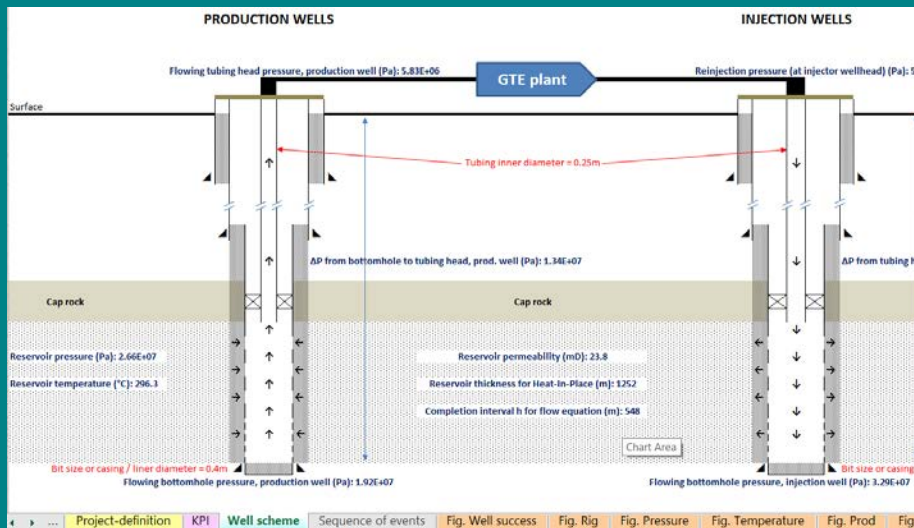
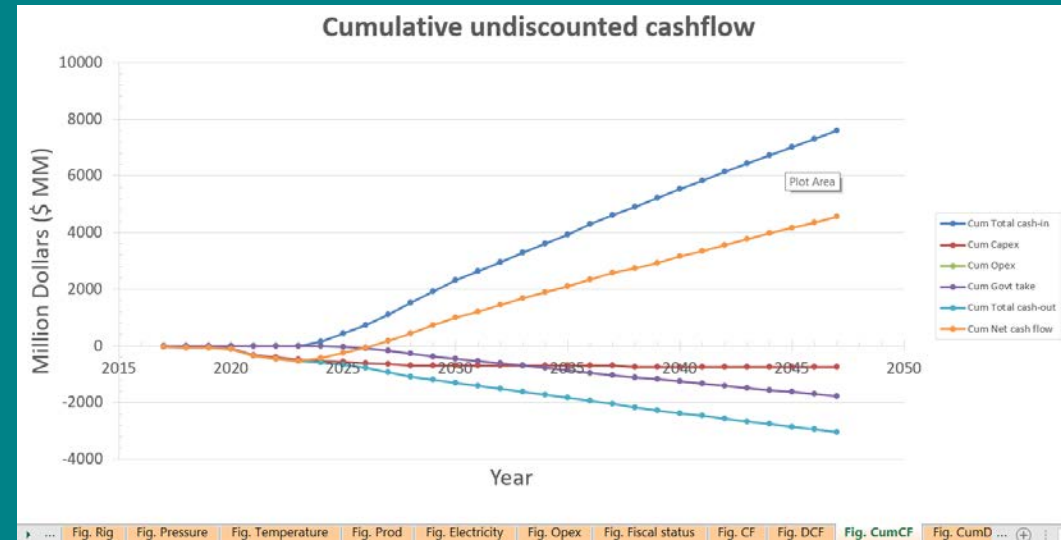
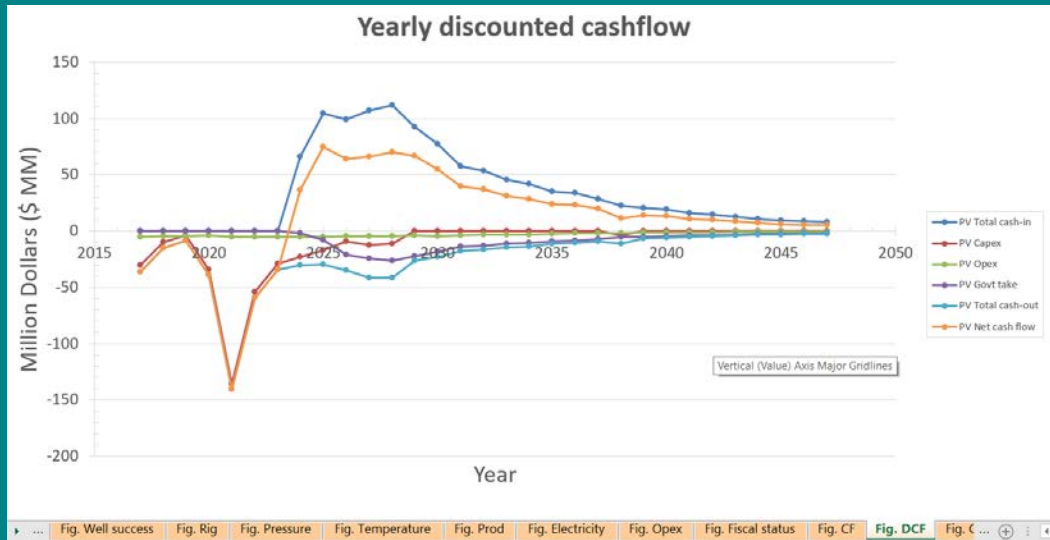
Output KPI multivariate O/O correlations



Output diagnostic plots - 2 (per realization)



Output diagnostic plots – 3 (per realization)



Further plans

- Validate tool + suggest improvements (ITB)
- Develop realistic case study (IF Technology + ITB)
- Use tool in WP1.07 course
- Depending on feedback Indonesian GEOCAP partners, decide whether and how to maintain tool